



Social and economic impact on traditional sports

Dattaram Bhagwanrao Bangar

Director of Physical Education and Sports, Shri Anand College Pathardi, Ahmednagar, Maharashtra, India

Abstract

Sports play vital role in our life in much waste. They help People in archiving physical fitness since Ancient period India become the land of traditional Sports like Wrestling, Kho-Kho, Kabaddi, Mallakhamb and others many games. It is important to note those Indian traditional Sports and its problems. The Impacts of social and economic on traditional Sports and their players very unpleasant, they have not get popularity as compared as modern games, Government deny their demands. Traditional sports players don't get their development.

Keywords: traditional games, social, economic, players, allure

Introduction

Sports play very important role in life and games are very popular throughout the world and every one right from the children to adults play and participate it. We can see the various traditional games are part of Indian traditional. When we discuss about India, it has always exhibited its culture and traditional. A number of any traditional sports which had Indian origin are Kabaddi, Kho-Kho, Wrestling Polo, Shatranj and Mallakhamb etc. All three games require technical and tactical skills along with other physiological components with social and economic supports and provide some socialites for them. A part from these traditional games require very little equipment and they are less expensive in comparison to the modern games.

Role of traditional games

It is equally important to teach our kids about aura allure and tradition as it is to teach them new age concepts by playing Indian traditional games children can connect with this heritage through sports and has a deep lifelong positive impact on them. These games can also be of great benefit to them, they require physical activity social skills, creativity, imagination, competition and many more benefits that could till sports stimulate this growth, physically as well as intellectually.

No special characteristics of. Traditional games, on special skill needed, they help to develop imagination and creativity Regional verbatim non-congenital mates also used. Indian traditional games like Kabaddi, Kho-Kho langadi, Skipping, Sager gate and many more don't require expensive equipment to play, not does it require any uniform or specific shoes and accessories, all that is required is people to play with and space to play in Traditional Sports is a great way to malice friend and be healthy as well can Sports players can make a

bright future in upcoming time.

Social and Economic impact on players

Sports in India dates back to the ancient times with references found in the Vedas and India valley civilization. Many modern games played around the world have their origin in their traditional games. This is the matter of pride to our notions culture some of the prominent traditional games which originated in our country and became popular all over the world. Sports can make significant social - economic impact on a nation and its players and citizens.

1. Lack of opportunities

Traditional sports mostly played in rural region. The scope of their games is very limited, they have not provide good opportunity let modern games Government has failure to provide them good facilities. Other things on players make negative impact on their social and economic life

2. Does not require expensive gear

Indian Traditional games don't get expensive equipment to play. Musty games are like Kabaddi, Kho-Kho langadi etc. Players play these games very easily without any pressure. They have not require any uniform or specialty shoes and accessories, all that is required is people to play with maintained this physical fitness.

3. Builds good life skill

Playing conventional games have always brought players together encouraging teamwork and social interaction. Most old games require agility and movements such as swinging of arms and jumping. This boosts exercise and improves eye- hand coordination. Team games like Kabaddi and Kho-Kho require kids to come up with tactics to defeat their opponent in turn helping them to strategies and resolve their differences.

4. Player Passes their heritage

It is equally important to teach our players about our culture and tradition as it is to teach them new age concepts. It is vital that they know their roots and have

sense of pride about it by playing Indian traditional games, players can connect with their heritage through sports and this has a dye lifelong positions impact on them.

5. Bridge generation

Sports persons is a greet connector across countries, ages, religion and even across socio entomic stature too. No wonder sports bridge all gaps pulling people and connecting them emotionally. Playing traditional games as a family brings the family closer and the band stranger children need unstructured play time and introducing conventional games to the family routine con is a great bonding activity for all children who have strong family relationships fore well at all other aspects of life as well.

Unstructured play has a vital role in developing various aspects of players' growth, behavior and interpersonal skills therefore, the need to re-establish traditional play in children's live.

6. Introduction for players at international level

New day's government is also promoting traditional sports by different means. The Indian traditional games festival is in annual event held in Singapore for the last 8 years. A few examples of the games played in ITGF in clued Kho-Kho, Kabaddi, Langadi, skipping sager gate and many more. The Indian traditional games festival which has grown from a 300 to a ver. 2,500 participant is since 2010 is a remarkable platform for players alike to band and play.

Conclusion

It is done so as to enhance or her achievements. Traditional games and their plays need to help and supports for making their bright taunt and out starling caliber. In future India will also have name is world of sports. New days traditional sports face a growing challenge to attract new participants.

References

1. Arpita Mukherjee, Raneet Goswami, Tonv M, Goyal Satija. Sports Retailing in India; Opportunities. Constraints and way forward working paper No. 250, Indian council for Research on international Economic Relations, 2010.
2. Business of Sports, Shaping Successful lungs for Indian Sports Industry, A Report. KPMG. Com.in
3. Marianne Meier Gender Equity, Sports and Development, Working Paper, Swiss Academy for development.
4. Kamlesh ML, Sangria MS. "Physical and History of Physical Education" Brothers Ludhiana, 1988.
5. Alex Museley, Nicola whiffing, "New Traditional Games for learning" case book, Dissertaftion, 2013.
6. Pietro Gorini. "Encyclopedia of Traditional Games" David Publication London, 1994.
7. Barooch Pramila Pandit, Traditional Indian Games. "Aditya Publication New Delhi, 2018.